

Vodafone submission Wholesale access pricing review

Reference: ComReg 15/67c R

Date: 31/8/2015

Key observation on the reported Regulatory Performance

eircom 2011 to 2014

24th June 2015





Contents

Summary	
Background	
Key Observations	
Historical Regulatory Analysis	
Summary of Regulatory Financial Performance	1
Statutory Accounts – Overview of eircom Fixed Line	1
Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Total Wholesale	1
Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level	1

Summary



Background

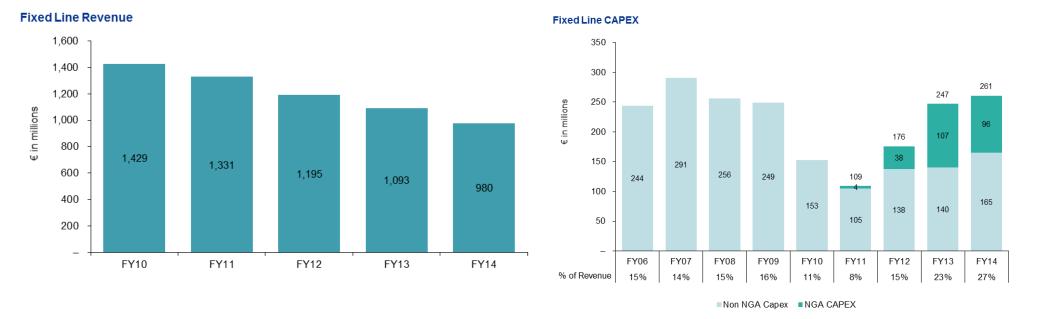
- This presentation has been based on the following primary information sources:
 - eircom Historical Cost Separated Accounts for the year ended 30th June 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 http://www.eircom.net/regulatoryinformation/separated-accounts/;
 - eircom Limited Financial Statement 30 June 2006 to 30th June 2013; and
 - eircom Holdings (Ireland) Limited ("EHIL") Annual Report for Bondholders for the year ended 30thJune 2013, 2014
 http://www.eircom.net/investorrelations/reports/2014/;
 - ComReg publications, including the Irish Communications Market Quarterly Reports, 2011 to 2014;

- With reference to the eircom Historical Cost Separated Accounts (HCAs) the following should be noted:
 - These annually Separated Accounts involves the publication of key information on the various parts of eircom's regulated business⁴, a key features of which is providing transparent and consistent reporting of revenues, costs and performance for use by the Regulator, industry, consumers and other stakeholders:
 - The overall concept of the Separated Accounts is to present Wholesale and Retail Markets as if it were separate independent entities, trading on a 'arms length' basis, with a key measure of performance being the Returns on Mean Capital Employed reported for the various regulated markets / products.

⁴ ComReg Accounting Separation and Cost Accounting Review of eircom Limited (D08/10, 10/67, 31 August 2010) http://www.comreg.ie/ fileupload/publications/ComReg1067.pdf



Key observation Fixed Line Revenues and CAPEX⁶

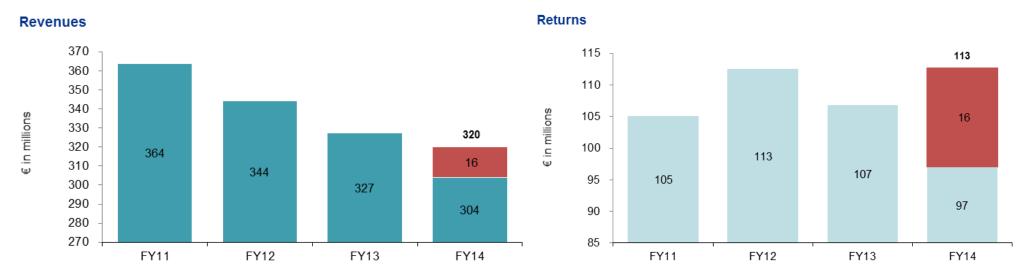


- Revenues for eircom fixed lined business have been declining steadily since FY10, the average annual decline against the prior year is 9% driven by reductions in volume and Average Revenue per User.
- The average eircom fixed line capital expenditure for the last 9 years has been 16%. This is in line with overall telecoms industry capital expenditure which is in the order of 15 17%³

⁶ Information used above is taken from eircom's Statutory Accounts and Historical Cost Separated Accounts

³ DAE SCOREBOARD 2013 - 1-THE eCOMM SECTOR - EU Report on Telecoms in Europe; Ovum December 2014 Telecoms CAPEX Analysis;

Key observation Wholesale Fixed Narrowband Access⁷

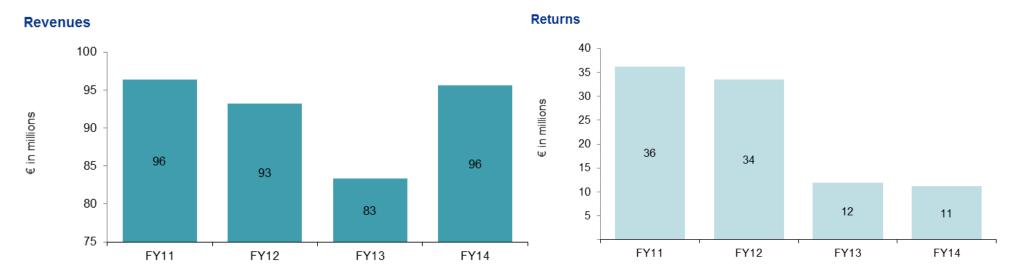


- Revenues for Wholesale Fixed Narrowband Access (PSTN and ISDN WLR) have declined between FY2011 and FY2014. This was primarily due to volume reductions in PSTN and ISDN lines, which have decreased by an average of 5% year on year. The reduction in Revenues for FY2014 compared to FY2013 is partly attributable to the €3 monthly discount per lines which was discussed earlier. The impact of this reduction on Revenues and Returns for FY2014 is illustrated in the above graphics.
- The Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) has remained relatively static at c.13% for the last four financial years.

⁷ Information used above is taken from eircom's Statutory Accounts and Historical Cost Separated Accounts

⁸ eircom Results Presentation May 18, 2015, Third Quarter and nine months FY14/15, http://www.eircom.net/investorrelations/reports/2014/;

Key observation Wholesale Broadband Access9



- Broadband revenues for FY2014 were up 13% on FY2013 driven by the increased volumes, primarily for the NGA Broadband product.
 Returns have dropped in the last 2 years relative to FY2011 and FY2012 reflecting the NGA investments which have increased
 Depreciation and Mean Capital Employed¹⁰.
- Cumulative over the period 2011 to 2014, eircom's Wholesale Broadband Access¹ (WBA) Market returns have been marginally higher than the 10.21% allowable WACC. Underlying this are HCA reported returns on MCE, when compared to the Regulated WACC.
- There have been increases in overall broadband volumes of 5.4% from FY2013 to FY2014 as reported by eircom in their HSA which is
 most likely driven by NGA. Based on ComReg reports there has been growth in overall broadband volumes of 5.8% for the period from
 Q4 2013 to Q4 2014.

⁹ Information used above is taken from eircom's Statutory Accounts and Historical Cost Separated Accounts.

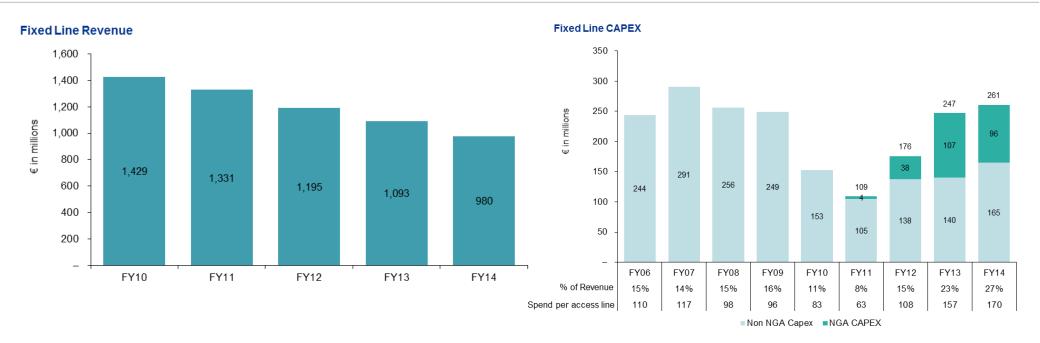
¹⁰ See eircom HCA, year ended 30 June 2014, Network Cost Market Summary(Pages 25 & 26)

Historical Regulatory Financial Analysis

Summary of Regulatory Financial Performance

Regulatory Market	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited statutory accounts & historical separated accounts
eircom Fixed Line	Revenues for eircom fixed lined business have been declining steadily since FY2010, the average annual decline against th driven by reductions in volume and Average Revenue per User (ARPU), both at the wholesale and retail level.	
	■ CAPEX has increased in the last 3 financial years due to the i approximately €240 million.	nvestments made in NGA, eircom reported this NGA investment at
		nes are increasing year on year, c. +5%, with OAOs broadband lines increased and eircom are reporting a potential stabilisation of Wholesale Access Lines
Wholesale Fixed	 Revenues for Wholesale Fixed Narrowband (Wholesale PSTI in PSTN and ISDN lines which have decreased at an average 	N and ISDN Lines, <i>i.e., WLR</i>) have dropped primarily due to volume reductions of 5% year on year since FY11.
Narrowband	last four financial years, this was achieved for FY2014, allow	on Capital Employed (ROCE) has remained relatively static at c.13% for the ng for a "Large Exchange Area" PSTN WLR discount (when purchased with n in both Revenues and Return for this Regulated Market, a drop of 1.6% in
	'Network Costs for Repairs and Provisions' have reduced year	r on year since FY2011 at an average of 11%.
	■ Broadband revenues for FY14 were up 13% on FY2013 drive	n by the increased volumes primarily in NGA.
Wholesale Broadband Access	Returns have declined in the last 2 years relative to FY2011 a depreciation and Capital Employed in this market.	nd FY2012, reflecting NGA investments which have resulted in increased

Statutory Accounts – Overview of eircom Fixed Line



Area	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited statutory accounts 2006 – 2014
Revenues	 Revenues for eircom fixed lined business have been declining steadily since driven by reductions in volume and Average Revenue per User (ARPU) both FY2014 revenue compared to FY2010 revenue shows a 31% reduction over ARPU has decreased year on year across eircom Wholesale and Retail sinc was down an average of 13% 	at the Retail and Wholesale levels. the period.

Statutory Accounts – Overview of eircom Fixed Line

Area	Summary observations Primary Sour	ce of Data: eircom limited statutory accounts 2006 – 2014
CAPEX	■ There has been an increase in the Fixed Line Capital Expenditure over the past 3 years. In FY2014 and FY2013 there was a year on year increase in capital spend of 6% and 40% respectively. It should be noted that CAPEX spend in FY2011 was the lowest % to revenue in the period FY2006 to 2015.	Intangible Asset Spend 60
	The increase in CAPEX is reflective of the investment made in the NGA Network which accounted for 37% and 43% of all CAPEX in FY2014 and FY2013 respectively. It should be noted the recent CAPEX investments includes significant investments in Intangible Assets (eircom list these as computer software and systems related), in the last 3 years this investment has averaged c. €48 million whereas in the 6 years prior it averaged c. €20 million.	95 glill us 30 - 20 - 20 -
	Since FY2005 the average capital spend per Customer Access Channel has been €111 over the same period with a low in FY2011 of €63 and a high in FY14 of €170 (<i>driven by NGA Investments</i>). Expressed in terms of revenue, average capital spend has averaged 16% over the same period with a low in F20Y11 of 8% and a high in FY2014 of 27%.	10 - - FY06 FY07 FY08 FY09 FY10 FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14
	It is stated in of the Annual Report for Bondholders Year Ended 30 June 2014 (Page 43) that it is expected that the recent level of CAPEX will decrease over the next number of years as investment in NGA nears completion.	CAPEX spend exicuding NGA
		250
Indicative Volume	■ Total eircom PTSN line (Wholesale and Retail) volumes are down 13% in FY2014 compared against FY2011, with ISDN line numbers are down 20% for the same period. Overall this represents a 5% per annum drop in volumes.	© 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Numbers	■ There have been volumes increases in broadband of over 5% per annum from FY2013 to FY2015, primarily driven by the NGA Broadband growth. eircom's Half Year Results Presentation for FY2015 show an increase in OAOs broadband lines of over 17% between Q2 2015 and Q2 2014.	V 100 -
	In ComReg's 2014 Q4 Market Report, and eircom's FY2015 Q3 Results Presentation, overall Access lines were reported as potentially stabilising between 2014 and 2015, this against a backdrop of over 5 years of declining volumes.	50 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Total Wholesale

Area	Summary observations	nmary observations Primary Source of Data: eircom limited separated accounts 2011 – 201				
Revenues	Wholesale revenues have reduced at an average of 9% year on year since FY2011 driven by both volume, COS and price reductions.					
Revenues	There was a average price drop in PSTN WLR in FY2014 from €18.02 - €16.97, reflecting a €3/month on each PSTN line purchased with NGA Broadband in the ComReg defined "Large Exchange Areas".	Income Statement 4 year Wholesale markets only	summary	Restated	Restated	Restated
	■ FY2014 compared to FY2011 reported a volume drops in WLR of 13%, an annum drop of c.5%	€	FY11 Total	FY12 Total	FY13 Total	FY14 Total
	Wholesale Revenues as a percentage of overall eircom Fixed Line revenues have remained stable for the last 4 years at c. 40%.		€'000	€'000	€'000	€'000
	External revenues for Broadband versus internal revenues for eircom	Revenue	892,878	795,197	731,358	682,791
		Cost of Sales*	186,038	120,590	98,923	83,486
	now at 36% of all revenue, whereas in FY12 it was 30%.	Margin	706,840	674,607	632,435	599,305
	■ While the Revenues have declined by on average 9%, (Gross) Margin	Other Operating Costs	298,451	277,061	261,805	232,151
Margin, EBITDA &	has reduced by an average of 5% year on year since FY2011, reflecting the impact of reductions in Cost of Sales, such as in MTRs and outpayments to OAOs.	EBITDA	408,389	397,546	370,630	367,154
Returns		Depreciation	150,518	145,417	150,170	159,315
	■ EBITDA has reduced at 3% per annum over the same period which indicates that Operating Costs have been reducing at a greater rate than	Exceptional (Gain) / Loss	(1,827)	163	(232)	
	Wholesale Revenues.	Return	213,331	196,317	165,457	152,556
	Returns are down an average of 10% year on year since FY2011 which is partly attributable to the increased depreciation due to the FY2011 to FY2014 Capital Investments in NGA of an eircom reported c. €240 m.		arges from wh	olesale		

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Total Wholesale

Area	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited separated accounts 2011 – 2014
Cost of Sales (including transfer charges)	COS at wholesale level have reduced year on year s reductions in payments to other operators (e.g. MTRs	nce FY2011 at an average rate of 23% which is predominantly attributable to s) and access to Operator Services.
Other Operating Costs	was an 11% decrease between FY2014 and FY2013	
	reduction in these costs since FY2011 have been at a	ost significant area of expenditure (42% of operating costs overall). Year-on-year an average of 11% per annum.
Depreciation	■ The depreciation charge for wholesale assets has inc	reased at an average 2% year on year for the since FY2011.
	■ This incremental increase in depreciation should be d	considered in context of the large CAPEX investments made in the NGA programme.
	In FY2014 Wholesale Fixed Assets i.e, eircom define year. This represented 84% of all PPE for eircom Fix	d "Property Plant Equipment" was c. €1.4 billion, an increase of 4% on the previous ed Line, with the remaining mainly in eircom Retail.

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level: Wholesale Fixed Narrowband Access

Area	Summary observations Pri	imary S	Source o	f Data: eirc	om limited sep	arated account	ts 2011 – 2014
	■ This market accounted for 45% of all eircom Wholesale revenues in FY2014 and FY2013.	Reve	nues				
Revenues	Revenues dropped by 7% in FY2014 compared to FY2013 or c. €23 million reflecting the change in PTSN prices (with the average PSTN WLR monthly prices reducing from €18.02 per line to €16.97) and a volume reduction of approximately 2%. PSTN WLR reduction due to €3 monthly discount for PSTN lines to lear with a Proadband.	€ in millions	370 - 360 - 350 - 340 - 330 -				320
	■ PSTN WLR reduction due to €3 monthly discount for PSTN lines taken with a Broadband line in LEA. Sensitised graphic opposite shows the effect of the discount.		320 - 310 -	364	344		16
	Revenues for this market have dropped an average of 6% year on year since FY2011 mainly attributable to a 5% p.a. volume drop in the same period.		300 - 290 - 280 -		J44	327	304
			270 —	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14
	■ This market accounted for 65% of all eircom Wholesale returns in FY2014 and FY2013.						
Returns & Capital Employed	■ FY2014 reported Returns have decreased compared against FY2011 by 8%, with Capital Employed has decreased by an average of 4% year on year since FY11. The Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) has remained relatively static at c.13% for the last four financial years.	Retu	ırns				
	years.		115				113
			110 -				
		€ in millions	105 -	105	113	107	16
			95 - 90 - 85 -	105		.51	97
			03 1	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level: Wholesale Fixed Narrowband Access

Area	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited separated accounts 2011 – 2014
Other Operating Costs	 Other operating costs excluding COS and depreciation have reduce 'Network Costs for Repairs and Provisions' have accounted for 50% year on year for the same period at an average of 11%. 	ed year on year since FY2011 at an average of 11%. 6 of other operating costs on average since FY2011 and have reduced
Depreciation	 The depreciation charge was up 3% in FY2014 having dropped the The increase contrasts with the movement in Fixed Assets / Proper amount on average since FY2011 most likely down to the effect of the second contract of the secon	ty Plant and Equipment which was down 3% in FY14 and by the same
Indicative Volume Numbers	have decreased by c. 197,000 lines (13%) comparing FY2014 to FY	sults Presentation, overall Access lines were reported as potentially

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level: Wholesale Broadband Access

Area	Summary observations Pri	mary S	ource	of Data: eir	com limited s	eparated acco	ounts 2011 – 2014
		Reven	ues				
Revenues	In FY2014 Wholesale Broadband Access revenues were 14% of overall eircom Wholesale revenues.		95 -				
	Revenues for FY2014 were up 13% on FY2013 driven by the increased volumes primarily in NGA Broadband.	€ in millions	90 - 85 -	96	93		96
	■ There was less than 1% difference in revenues between FY2014 and FY2011, reflecting similar broadband volumes between the two years, and similar average Broadband ARPUs.	-	80 -		33	83	
			75 +	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14
		Retur					
Returns &	■ FY2014 returns have decreased compared against FY2011 by c. €25 million, which		35				
Capital	corresponds with the relative increase in the Depreciation and Capital Employed, driven by		30 -				
Employed	NGA investments	millions	25 -				
		€ in	20 -	36	34		
	Given the increase in NGA investment the ROCE has declined from 22% in FY2011 to 4%		15 -		34		
	in FY2014.		10 - 5 -			12	11
			+	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14
		Mean C	apital Em	ployed			
			300 -				_ 25%
			250 -	_			- 20%
		€ in millions	200 -				
		€ in	150 -				283 - 10% %
			100 -	165	174	214	
			50 -				- 5%
			+	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14
				Me Me	ean Capital Employed	Return on Capit	al Employed

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level: Wholesale Broadband Access

Area	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited separated accounts 2011 – 2014
Operating Costs including Cost of Sales and Depreciation	contrast with the decrease in wholesale operating costs over	ased by an average of 10% in the last 4 financial years, which is a marked all. ork Costs for Repairs and Provisions' averaging 8% since FY2011.
Depreciation		roperty Plant and Equipment over the same period of 17% on average year eater usage of the eircom's Core Transmission Network by Broadband (as
Indicative Volume Numbers		5.4% from FY2013 to FY2014 as reported by eircom in their HSA which is nas been growth in overall broadband volumes of 5.8% for the period from

Historical Cost Separated Accounts Analysis – Market Level: Other Markets

Area	Summary observations	Primary Source of Data: eircom limited separated accounts 2011 – 2014
Wholesale Residual (Regulated)	(directory enquiries, premium rate services etc.), and Intercooperators).	this Market is primarily made up of Products such as Access to Call Services onnection Links (which provide interconnection between eircom and other ear since FY2011, with Returns also decreasing by an average of 25% year
Retail Fixed Line	having been 14% in FY2011.	costs as a percentage of revenue have been 17% for FY2014 and FY2013 rail minus basis of the Retail Price less 14%, with the 14% Retail Margin rcom's PSTN and ISDN retailing costs.

Vodafone Fixed Business: regulatory update

1st May 2015



Agenda

- 1. Introduction to Vodafone fixed financials
- 2. Key observations from review of published eircom financial data
 - 3. Regulatory environment & Access pricing review





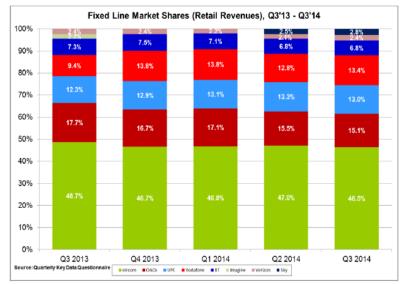


Overview of Vodafone fixed activity

Overview of fixed market

- Vodafone have invested significantly in fixed (e.g. acquisition of Perlico, BT Residential)
- Subscriber growth makes Vodafone one of the strongest competitors and constraints on eircom – above 300k in Business and Consumer segments circa 13% MS
- Vodafone have made significant investments on FTTH through the launch of ESB JV
- Eircom remain dominant wholesale provider of Copper based and FTTC products into the future
- Recent price changes significantly impact Vodafone

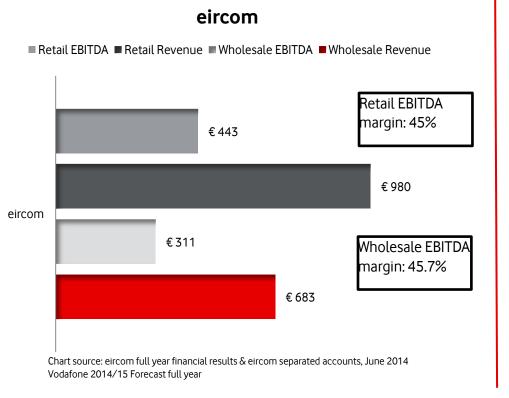
Figure 2.1.1.1 - Fixed Retail Revenue Market Shares





Vodafone not profitable in fixed market despite scale

Comparison with eircom retail and wholesale raises concern – Vodafone commissioned KPMG to examine eircom regulated accounts



Vodafone continue to grow base in fixed markets – challenges on provisioning along with pricing Vodafone:

- Provisioning issues with new lines delays in planning, repeat appointments, poor customer experience
- Vodafone predominantly resell Eircom wholesale with some BT LLU.
- New Lines in excess of 2k per month no effective SLAs in place
- Acquisition costs are high and high churn makes business case a challenge
- Vodafone will present separately on provisioning, fault repair and non-price issues

Simply Broadband

 Unlimited Fibre Broadband

Home Essentials

The price competitor in the fixed market

- Unlimited Fibre Broadband
- Unlimited anytime calls to all Irish landlines

Home Unlimited

- Unlimited Fibre Broadband
- •Unlimited anytime calls to all Irish landlines
- Unlimited anytime calls to all Irish mobiles

€38

€45



Large percentage of fixed base on retail minus/margin squeeze products

Voice & Broadband

Retail Minus

Margin Squeeze

Cost Orientation

Cost Orientation

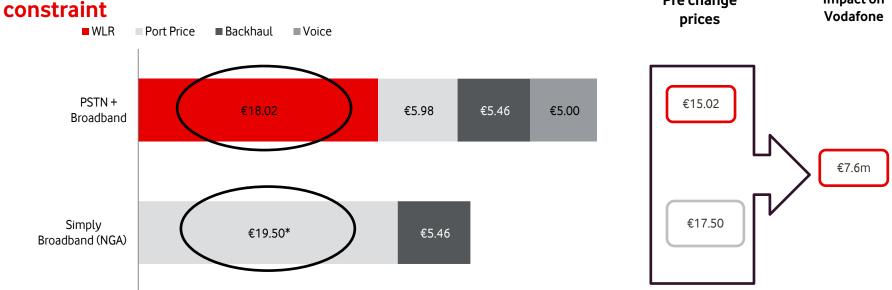
Broadband Only

*€18.02 for eircom WLR

Eircom pricing strategy manipulates pricing regime

wholesale increases designed to impact competitors and removal of UPC pricing

Pre change



* Including €2 price increase from 1st July 2015.

No cost justification for reversal of 'discounts' in LEA — KPMG study shows very healthy post 'discount' return



Impact on

Vodafone are reviewing activity in fixed and have examined a number of scenarios to improve margin

- All calculations based on customer revenue, direct wholesale cost and acquisition and retention costs.
- All marketing, Advertising, customer care costs are excluded from above





Review of eircom published regulated accounts

Key observations of KPMG review of eircom public financial statements



Illustration of ComReg wholesale broadband access controls

^{*} Pricing information used above is taken from the latest reference offers on eircom wholesale. In addition to "Cost Stack" information based on ComReg D03/13.

View on fixed revenue and capex



Wholesale narrowband access



Wholesale Broadband Access



^{*} Information used above is taken from eircom's Statutory Accounts and Historical Cost Separated Accounts.

^{**} See 2014 HCA, Network Cost Market Summary

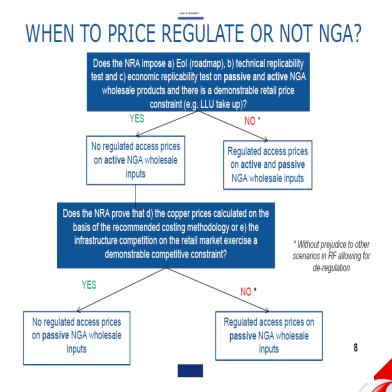




Regulatory environment & Access pricing review

Access Pricing review needs to reflect EU Commission nondiscrimination/costing approaches

- NGA pricing flexibility assumes replicability tests and equivalence is in the market
- Without such tests cost oriented prices need to be in the market to allow competitive entry
- No adequate SLAs are in place industry fora have not made progress
- No pricing or competitive constraint exists for eircom
- Risk of re-monopolisation through dominance of vDSL/FTTC investment – likely to continue despite investments in FTTH by eircom and ESB/JV

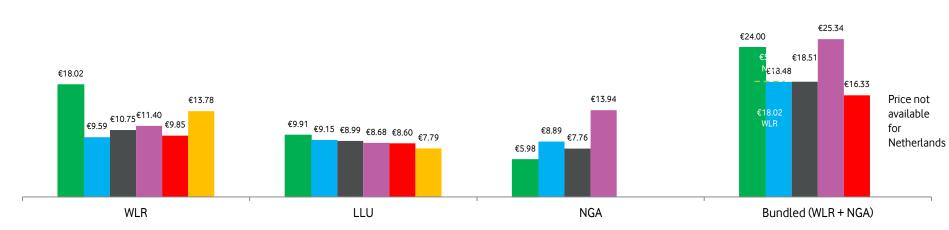


Benchmarking regulated prices across EU shows WLR out of line

■ Italy

■ Portugal

Ireland



Spain

Netherlands

The only product where Ireland is significantly out of line with other countries is in terms of WLR. Historically this has been driven by high LLU pricing. Recent reductions in Irish LLU pricing to bring it in line with European norms have not been reflected in reductions in WLR.

The LLU reductions were also too late to justify an investment in unbundling as the market had already moved to VDSL. Recent decisions in Italy, Spain and Finland show a trend to reduce high wholesale prices



In 2013 NGA Remedies decision ComReg asked by EU to revisit regime in line with Recommendation on non-discrimination



At page 410 of the document:

"The Commission highlights that the Commission is working towards the adoption of a Recommendation on the consistent application of non-discrimination obligations and cost methodologies to promote competition and enhance the broadband investment environment, which will give some guidance on the design of an ex ante economic replicability test. This test should be used in case pricing flexibility is granted to the SMP operator for NGA wholesale inputs in the presence of other competitive safeguards. Accordingly, the Commission invites ComReg to revisit the proposed margin squeeze tests along the lines of the forthcoming Recommendation once adopted."



Conclusions

- Vodafone fixed business is growing and Vodafone active investor and offer competitive alternative nationally to eircom
- Eircom have no price constraint in retail which was in place in the past increases in wholesale
 prices and retail price increases will further strengthen the incumbent and lead to returns in
 excess of regulatory indictors
- Eircom's future investment should not be used to argue for regulatory relief as eircom have legacy of underinvestment and investment is driven more by competitive pressures on FTTH
- Access pricing review needs to reflect commission recommendation on cost based copper and NGA pricing – pricing flexibility should only be in place if E of I measures are in place
- Further engagement needed on provisioning and SLA issues